

General Assembly Resolutions on Burma

Resolutions	Issues of Concern	Recommendation
<p>UNGA Resolution 46/132 17 December 1991</p>	<p>Democratization Human Rights</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Urges the government to allow all citizens to participate freely in the political process • Notes the assurance of the government to take steps toward establishment of a democratic State • Expresses its concern at information on the grave human rights situation
<p>UNGA Resolution 47/144 1 March 1993</p>	<p>Democratization Human Rights Torture Arbitrary Execution Ethnic and Religious Minorities</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gravely concerned that the government has not taken all necessary steps toward the restoration of democracy, respecting the will of the people expressed in the 1990 elections • Gravely concerned at the continued seriousness of the human rights situation, including torture, arbitrary execution, political detentions • Gravely concerned about the imposition of oppressive measures directed at ethnic and religious minorities • Urges the government to accelerate the transition to democracy and allow citizens to participate freely in the political process in accordance with the principles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights • Urges the government to ensure full respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms and protect the rights of ethnic and religious minorities
<p>UNGA Resolution 48/150 31 January 1994</p>	<p>Human Rights Ethnic and Religious Minorities Torture Abuse of Women Forced Labor Enforced disappearances Summary Execution</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Urges the government to ensure full respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms and protect the rights of ethnic and religious minorities • Urges the government to end practices of torture, abuse of women, forced labor, enforced disappearances, and summary executions
<p>UNGA Resolution 49/197 9 March 1995</p>	<p>Human Rights Ethnic and Religious Minorities Torture Abuse of Women Forced Labor Forced Relocations Enforced disappearances Summary Execution Army Attack on Refugee Camp</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Urges the government to ensure full respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, including freedom of expression and assembly, protection of rights of ethnic and religious minorities, and put an end to practices of torture, abuse of women, forced labor, forced relocations, enforced disappearances, and summary execution • Expresses concern at the attack by army soldiers on the civilian refugee camp at Halockhani on 21 July 1994
<p>UNGA Resolution 50/194 11 March 1996</p>	<p>Human Rights Arbitrary Arrest and Detention Torture Forced Labor Forced Porterage</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gravely concerned at continued human rights violations, including killing of civilians, arbitrary arrest and detention, restrictions on freedom of expression and association, torture, forced labor, forced portering, human rights abuses in border areas in the course of military operations, forced relocations, abuse of women, and oppressive measures directed at ethnic

	<p>Human Rights Abuses by Military Forced Relocations Abuse of Women Ethnic and Religious Minorities Enforced disappearances Summary Executions</p>	<p>and religious minorities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strongly urges the government to ensure full respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, including freedom of expression and assembly, and the protection of rights of ethnic and religious minorities • Strongly urges the government to put an end to practices of torture, abuse of women, forced labor, forced relocations, and enforced disappearances, and summary executions
<p>UNGA Resolution 51/117 6 March 1997</p>	<p>Human Rights Right to a Fair Trial Ethnic and Religious Minorities Torture Abuse of Women Forced Labor Forced Relocations Enforced disappearances Summary Execution International Humanitarian Law Geneva Conventions Weapons Against Civilians Protection of Civilians</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strongly urges the government to ensure full respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, including freedom of expression and assembly, right to a fair trial and protection of the rights of ethnic and religious minorities • Strongly urges the government to put an end to practices of torture, abuse of women, forced labor, forced relocations, and enforced disappearances, and summary executions • Calls upon the government and other parties to fully respect their obligations under international humanitarian law, including common article 3 of the Geneva Conventions • Calls upon the government and other parties to halt the use of weapons against the civilian population, to protect civilians, including children, women, and persons belonging to ethnic and religious minorities from violations of humanitarian law
<p>UNGA Resolution 52/137 3 March 1998</p>	<p>Human Rights Extrajudicial Executions Summary & Arbitrary Executions Killing of Civilians Torture Lack of Due Process Forced Relocation Forced Disappearances Forced Labor Child Labor Abuse of Women and Children by Government Agents Ethnic and Religious Minorities Right to a Fair Trial Protection of Civilians End Impunity International Humanitarian Law Geneva Conventions Weapons Against Civilians Protection of Civilians</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gravely concerned at the continuing human rights violations including extrajudicial, summary or arbitrary executions, killings of civilians, torture, arbitrary arrest and detention, deaths in custody, absence of due process of law, including trial of detainees in secrecy without proper legal representation, severe restrictions on freedom of opinion, expression, assembly and association, violations of freedom of movement, forced relocation, forced child and adult labor, including portering for the military, abuse of women and children by government agents, and the imposition of oppressive measures directed in particular at ethnic and religious minorities • Strongly urges the government to ensure full respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, including freedom of expression and assembly, the right to a fair trial and protection of the rights of persons belonging to ethnic and religious minorities • Strongly urges the government to put an end to the practices of torture, abuse of women, forced labor, forced relocations, enforced disappearances and summary executions • Strongly urges the government to fulfill its obligation to end impunity of perpetrators of human rights violations, including members of the military, and to investigate and prosecute alleged violations committed by government agents • Calls upon the government and other parties to fully respect their obligations under international humanitarian law, including common article 3 of the Geneva Conventions • Calls upon the government and other parties to halt the use of weapons against the civilian population, to protect civilians, including children, women and persons belonging to ethnic or religious minorities, from violations of humanitarian law

<p>UNGA Resolution 53/162 25 February 1999</p>	<p>Human Rights Extrajudicial Executions Summary and Arbitrary Executions Rape Torture Forced Labor Forced Relocation Right to a Fair Trial Ethnic and Religious Minorities Abuse of Women Enforced disappearances End Impunity International Humanitarian Law Geneva Conventions Weapons Against Civilians Protection of Civilians</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deplores continuing human rights violations, including extrajudicial and arbitrary executions, rape, torture, inhuman treatment, mass arrests, forced labor, forced relocation, denial of freedom of expression, assembly, association and movement • Strongly urges the government to ensure full respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, including freedom of expression and assembly, the right to a fair trial and protection of the rights of persons belonging to ethnic and religious minorities • Strongly urges the government to put an end to the practices of torture, abuse of women, forced labor, forced relocations, enforced disappearances and summary executions • Strongly urges the government to fulfill its obligation to end impunity of perpetrators of human rights violations, including members of the military, and to investigate and prosecute alleged violations committed by government agents • Calls upon the government and other parties to fully respect their obligations under international humanitarian law, including common article 3 of the Geneva Conventions • Calls upon the government and other parties to halt the use of weapons against the civilian population, to protect civilians, including children, women and persons belonging to ethnic or religious minorities, from violations of humanitarian law
<p>UNGA Resolution 54/186 29 February 2000</p>	<p>Human Rights Extrajudicial Executions Summary & Arbitrary Executions Enforced disappearances Rape Torture Forced Labor Child Labor Forced Portering Forced Relocation Repression of Political Activity Arbitrary Arrest and Detention Ethnic and Religious Minorities End Impunity</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deplores the continuing human rights violations of human rights including extrajudicial, summary or arbitrary executions, enforced disappearances, rape, torture, inhuman treatment, mass arrests, forced labor, including the use of children, forced relocation and denial of freedom of assembly, association, expression and movement • Expresses its grave concern at the increased repression of public political activity and arbitrary detention and arrest • Deplores continued human rights violations, in particular those directed against ethnic and religious minorities, including summary executions, rape, torture, forced labor, forced portering, forced relocations, destruction of crops and fields and dispossession of land and property, which deprives those persons of all means of subsistence • Strongly urges the government to ensure full respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, including economic and social rights, to fulfill its obligation to end the impunity of perpetrators of human rights violations, including members of the military, and to investigate and prosecute alleged violations committed by government agents
<p>UNGA Resolution 55/112 1 March 2001</p>	<p>Human Rights Extrajudicial Executions Summary & Arbitrary Executions Enforced disappearances Rape Torture Systematic Forced Labor Child Labor Forced Portering</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deplores the continued human rights violations, including extrajudicial, summary or arbitrary executions, enforced disappearances, rape, torture, inhuman treatment, mass arrests, forced labor, including the use of children, forced relocation and denial of freedom of assembly, association, expression and movement • Expresses its grave concern at the increasingly systematic policy to persecute the democratic opposition, members of the National League for Democracy, sympathizers and their families, and ethnic opposition parties

	<p>Forced Relocation Ethnic and Religious Minorities Use of Landmines Human Rights of Women Sexual Violence & Exploitation Child Soldiers Lack of Independent Judiciary End Impunity</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notes with grave concern that the government has failed to cease its widespread and systematic use of forced labor of its own people and to meet all three recommendations of the International Labor Organization on that issue • Deplores the continued violations of human rights, in particular those directed against persons belonging to ethnic and religious minorities, including summary executions, rape, torture, forced labor, forced portering, forced relocations, use of anti-personnel landmines, destruction of crops and fields and dispossession of land and property, which deprives those persons of all means of subsistence • Deplores the continued violations of the human rights of women, especially women who are refugees, are internally displaced or belong to ethnic minorities or the political opposition, in particular forced labor, trafficking, sexual violence and exploitation, including rape • Strongly urges the government to implement fully the recommendations made by the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women, in particular the request to prosecute and punish those who violate the human rights of women, and to carry out human rights education and gender sensitization training, in particular for military personnel • Deplores the recruitment of children as soldiers, in particular children belonging to ethnic minorities, and strongly urges the government and all other parties to the hostilities in Myanmar to end the use of children as soldiers • Strongly urges the government to ensure full respect for all human rights and fundamental freedoms, including economic and social rights, and to fulfill its obligation to restore the independence of the judiciary and due process and to end the impunity of and bring to justice any perpetrators of human rights violations, including members of the military, and to investigate and prosecute alleged violations committed by government agents
<p>UNGA Resolution 56/231 28 February 2002</p>	<p>Human Rights Ethnic and Religious Minorities Summary Executions Rape Torture Forced Labor Forced Portering Forced Relocations Use of Landmines Lack of Independent Judiciary Lack of Due Process End Impunity</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deplores the continued human rights violations, in particular those directed against ethnic and religious minorities, including summary executions, rape, torture, forced labor, forced portering, forced relocations, use of anti-personnel landmines, destruction of crops and fields and dispossession of land and property, which deprives those persons of all means of subsistence • Strongly urges the government to ensure full respect for all human rights and fundamental freedoms, including economic and social rights, and to fulfill its obligation to restore the independence of the judiciary and due process and to end the impunity of and bring to justice any perpetrators of human rights violations, including members of the military, and to investigate and prosecute alleged violations committed by government agents
<p>UNGA Resolution 57/231 28 February 2003</p>	<p>Democratization Systematic Human Rights Violations Extrajudicial Killings Rape & Sexual Violence Forced Labor Ethnic Minorities</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expresses grave concern at the disproportionate suffering of members of ethnic minorities, women, and children from such violations • Urging the government of Myanmar to end systematic violations of human rights, to ensure full respect for human rights, and to end impunity and bring to justice perpetrators of human rights violations

	Child Soldiers Rape Investigations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Strongly urges government to cooperate fully with investigation of charges of rape and civilian abuse carried out by armed forces in Shan and other states
UNGA Resolution 58/247 March 2004	Lack of Cooperation Human Rights Inquiry of Depayin Incident Investigations of Rape End Impunity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expresses grave concern at...the lack of cooperation shown by the government with regard to Special Rapporteur proposals to visit ethnic nationality areas to investigate serious human rights violations Calling upon the government to initiate an inquiry into the Depayin incident Calling upon the government to fully cooperate with UN investigation into charges of rape and other civilian abuses carried out by armed forces in Shan and other states Calling upon the government to put an end to impunity by investigating and bringing to justice perpetrators and of human rights violations
UNGA Resolution 59/263 March 2005	Lack of Cooperation Systematic Human Rights Violations Extrajudicial Killings Torture Rape & Sexual Violence Ethnic Minorities End Impunity Inquiry of Depayin Incident	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expresses grave concern at ongoing systematic human rights violations, including civil, political, economic, social, and cultural rights Expresses grave concern that government has not implemented recommendations contained in previous resolutions Strongly calls upon the government to end systematic human rights violations, including extrajudicial killings, torture, rape and other forms of sexual violence carried out by the armed forces, discrimination and violations suffered in particular by ethnic minorities, women, and children Strongly calls on the government to end impunity and to investigate and bring to justice perpetrators of human rights violations Strongly calls on the government to initiate an inquiry into the Depayin incident
UNGA Resolution 60/23 March 2006	Systematic Human Rights Violations Extrajudicial Killings Torture Rape & Sexual Violence Ethnic Minorities Women Children Political Arrests Forced Relocation Forced Labor Child Labor Trafficking Rule of Law Child Soldiers Landmines End Impunity Investigation of Sexual Violence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expresses grave concern at ongoing systematic human rights violations, including civil, political, economic, social, and cultural rights, including violations of the right to an adequate standard of living, discrimination and violations suffered by persons belonging to ethnic nationalities, women, and children, including extrajudicial killings, rape and other forms of sexual violence persistently carried out by members of the armed forces, continuing use of torture, deaths in custody, political arrests and detentions, forced relocation, forced labor, including child labor; trafficking in persons, denial of freedom of assembly, association, expression, and movement; disrespect for the rule of law, continuing recruitment and use of child soldiers, and use of landmines Strongly calls upon the government to end impunity and to investigate and bring to justice perpetrators of human rights violations Strongly calls upon the government without further delay to cooperate with the Special Rapporteur in investigating continuing reports of sexual violence and other civilian abuses carried out by members of the armed forces in Shan, Karen, Mon, and other states